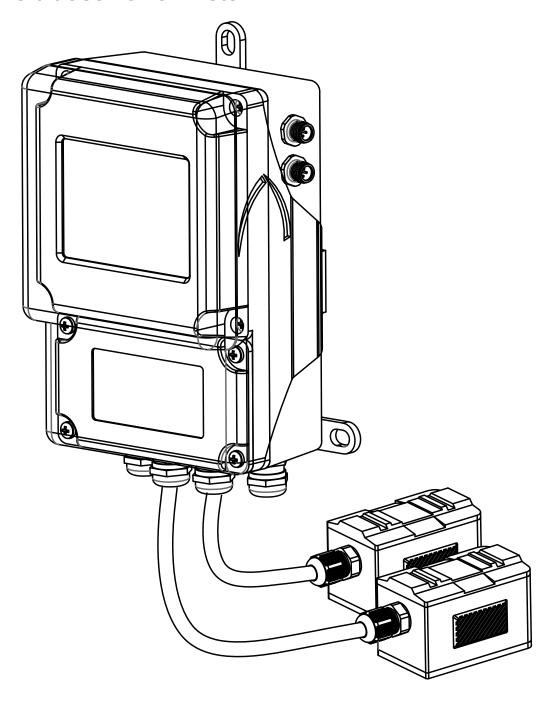
SGM-101F



transit time ultrasonic flowmeter



technical documentation EN Rev. B

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1-WARRANTY

Products supplied by SGM LEKTRA are guaranteed for a period of 12 (twelve) months from delivery date according to the conditions specified in our sale conditions document.

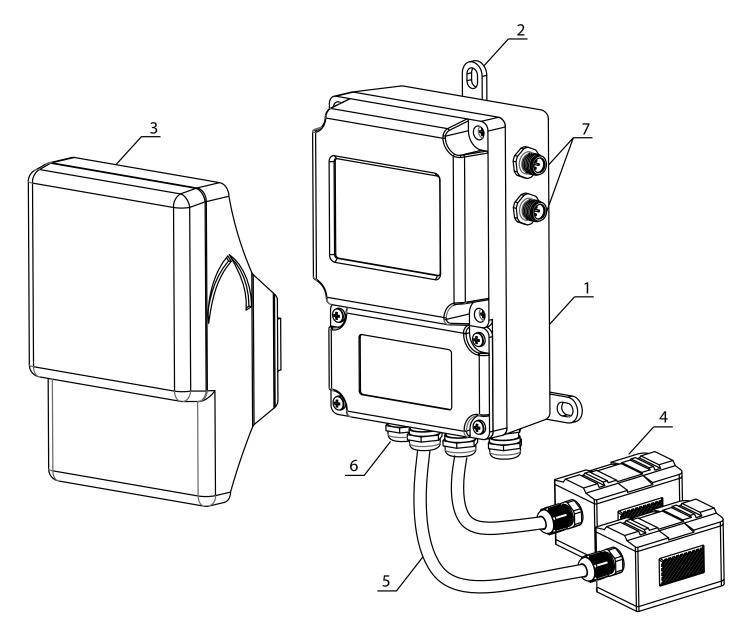
SGM LEKTRA can choose to repair or replace the Product.

If the Product is repaired it will maintain the original term of guarantee, whereas if the

Product is replaced it will have 12 (twelve) months of guarantee.

The warranty will be null if the Client modifies, repair or uses the Products for other purposes than the normal conditions foreseen by instructions or Contract.

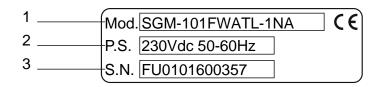
In no circumstances shall SGM LEKTRA be liable for direct, indirect or consequential or other loss or damage whether caused by negligence on the part of the company or its employees or otherwise howsoever arising out of defective goods.



- 1. SGM-101F
- 2. Wall mounting Kit
- 3. protection trasparent cover
- 4. Transducers
- 5. Transducers cables
- 6. Skintop
- 7. Heat counter connector (opz.)

2.1 IDENTIFICATION

Each meter has an adhesive identification plate on which are the meter main data. The following picture describes the information and data on the identification plate.



1. Product code

2. Power supply

3. Serial number

2.2 WORKING PRINCIPLE

The SGM-101F is composed by a digital converter and two clamp-on or insertion type ultrasonic transducers.

The instrument calculates the instantaneous flow rate value by measuring the flight time difference of the ultrasonic pulses.

- Compact system for conductive and non-conductive fluids, even with the suspended material presence (<10g/l; <Ø1mm)
- Measuring ranges from <0,2m3/h to >30000m3/h
- Applicable to various pipes materials (eg. SS316, copper, plastic, etc.), with or without an inner lining.
- Power supply 24Vac; 115Vac; 230Vac.

The meter is designed to measure the fluid velocity inside a pipe.

The clamp-on transducers models allow an easy installation.

The transit time flow meter uses two ultrasonic transducers that work as transmitters and receivers.

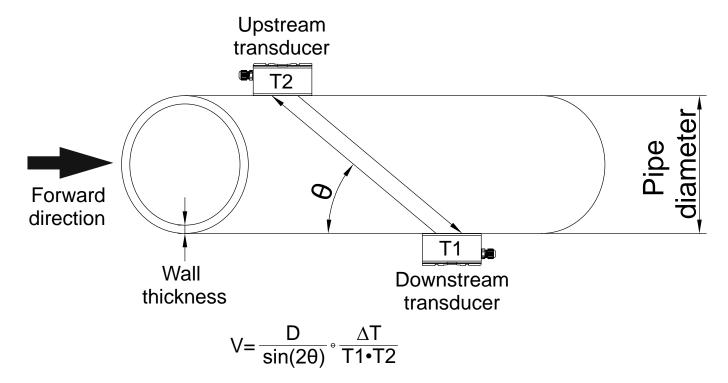
They are installed externally to the pipe at a specific distance from each other.

They can be installed at V mode (2 sonic section), at W mode (4 sonic section) or at Z mode (1 sonic section).

The installation method choice depends on the pipe and the fluid characteristics.

The SGM-101F measures the transit time via the two transducers that alternatively transmit and receive a sound pulses sequence.

The difference in the measured transit time is directly related to the fluid velocity in the pipe.



 θ = sonic section angle

D = pipe internal diameter

T1 = sound transit time from the upstream transducer to the transducer downstream

T2 = sound transit time from the downstream transducer to the transducer upstream

 $\Delta T = T2-T1$

3-FEATURES

Pipe dimension range

DN20 ÷ DN4000

Transmitter protection class

IP66

Transducer protection class

IP68

Display

backlighted 2x20 alphanumeric digit

Keypad

4 keys

Housing material

painted aluminium

Displayed data

instantaneous flowrate; flow totalizer

Mounting

wall

Analog Output

Sel. 4÷20mA o 0÷20mA

Accuracy

±1%

Repeatability

±0,2%

Linearity

±0,5%

Basic measurement period

500ms

Serial port

RS485

Communication protocol

MODBUS RTU or ASCII+ (opz.)

Data logger

on SD card (opt.) or via MODBUS

Programmable frequency output

0÷5000Hz

Relay output

n.1 for pulse totalizer or alarm

Medium speed range

±12m/s

Unit working temperature

-20÷60°C

Ambient humidity

non condensing 85% RH (40°C)

Tasducer working temperature

TS-2 / TM-1 / TL-1 -30 ÷ +90°C; TS2H / TM1H -30 ÷ +160°C; TC-1/ TLC2 -40 ÷ +160°C

PT100 sensors working temperature

-40°C +160°C

Tasducer cable std. length

5mt

PT100 sensor cable std. length

15mt

Powers

24Vac; 115Vac; 230Vac.

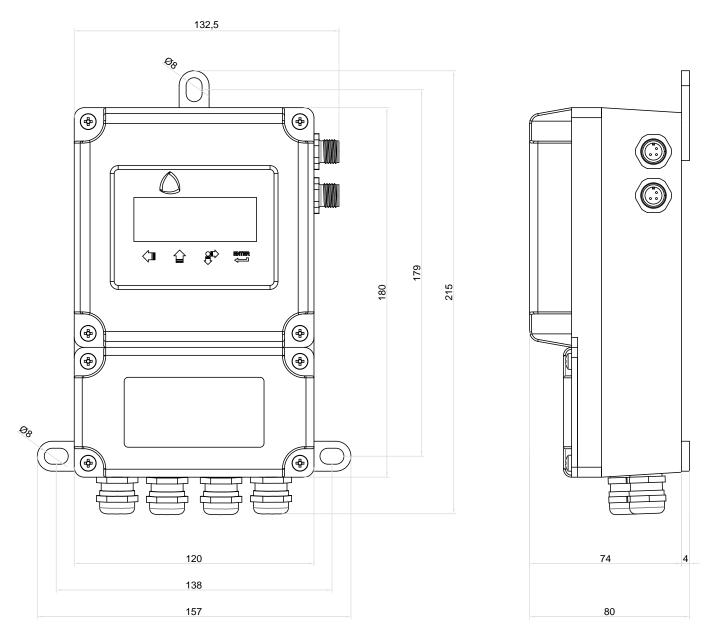
Dimensions

200x120x77mm

Weight without sensors

1Kg

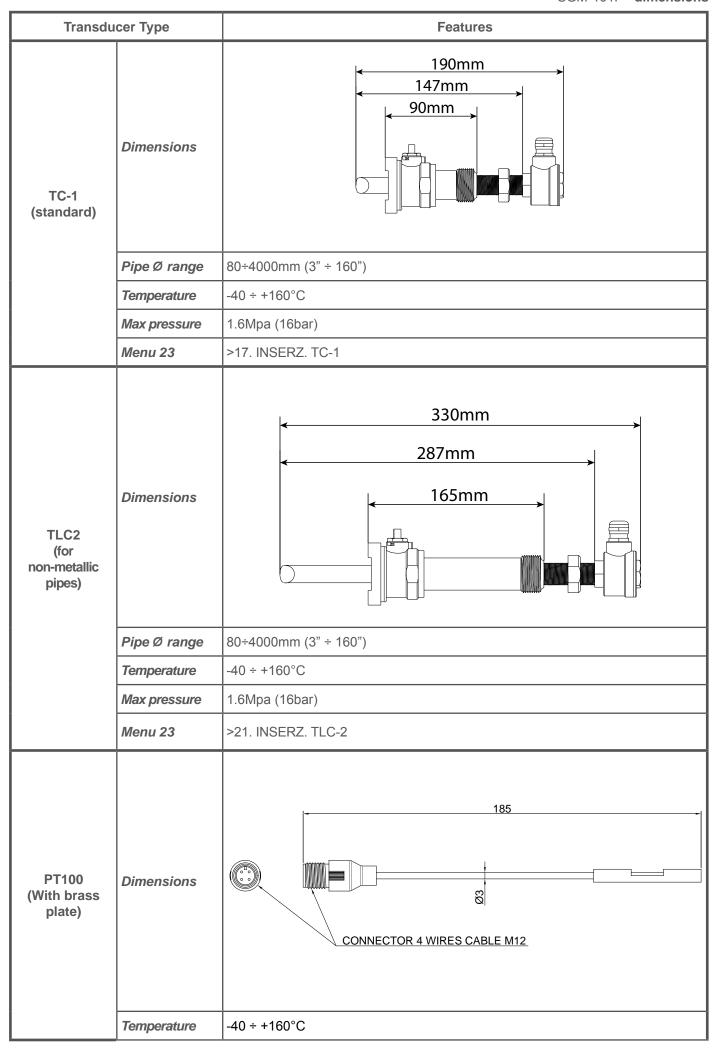
4.1 SGM-101F MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

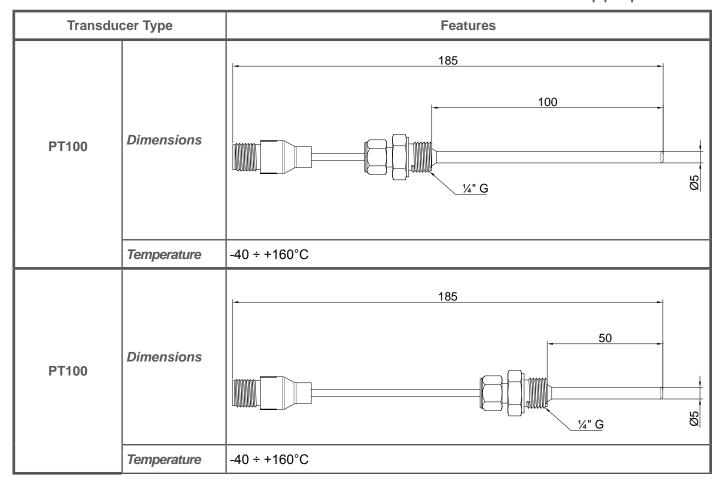


4.2 TRANSDUCERS DIMENSIONS AND FEATURES

Transducer Type		Features	
TS-2	Dimensions	67mm 28mm 28mm 32mm 32mm	
	Pipe Ø range	20÷100mm (¾" ÷ 4")	
	Temperature	-30 ÷ +90°C	
Menu 23 >19. C		>19. CLAMP-ON TS-2	

Transducer Type		Features				
TS2H	Dimensions	67mm 28mm 32mm 32mm 32mm 32mm 32mm 32mm 32				
	Pipe Ø range	20÷100mm (¾" ÷ 4")				
	Temperature	-30 ÷ +160°C				
	Menu 23	>19. CLAMP-ON TS-2				
TM-1	Dimensions	89mm 42mm unreadoner Trousmouting labores test maker sero-sero				
	Pipe Ø range	50÷700mm (2" ÷ 40")				
	Temperature	-30 ÷ +90°C				
	Menu 23	>16. CLAMP-ON TM-1				
ТМ1Н	Dimensions	89mm 42mm 44mm Woter Tible				
	Pipe Ø range	50÷700mm (2" ÷ 40")				
	Temperature	-30 ÷ +160°C				
	Menu 23	>16. CLAMP-ON TM-1				
TL-1	Dimensions	123mm 57mm 54mm word for the second of th				
	Pipe Ø range	300÷4000mm (3" ÷ 160")				
	Temperature	-30 ÷ +900°C				
	Menu 23	>20. CLAMP-ON TL-1				





5-PIPE SPECIFICATIONS

5.1 OUTSIDE PIPE DIAMETER

In the event that an appropriate instrument to measure the pipe outer diameter is not available (programming in M11), proceed as follows:

- use a rope or paper tape or sheet
- wrap the pipe with rope or paper tape or sheet and mark the circumference point
- measure the length corresponding to the pipe circumference
- enter the measured value to "Pipe Outer Perimeter" menu (M10), SGM-101F will automatically calculate the correct pipe diameter value

5.2 PIPE THICKNESS

Value measured on site using an appropriate tool (caliper, ecc.), or from the technical data of the hydraulic circuit (programming in M12). In the presence of tubes without inner lining, is possible to use the SGM-100T thickness gauge.

5.3 PIPE MATERIAL

Value detectable on site, or from the technical data of the hydraulic circuit (programming in M14).

5.4 INNER LINING MATERIAL

Value detectable on site, or from the technical data of the hydraulic circuit (programming in M15).

5.5 INNER LINING THICKNESS

Value measured on site using an appropriate tool (caliper, ecc.), or from the technical data of the hydraulic circuit (programming in M16).

6-TRANSDUCERS POSITIONING

6.1 INSTALLATION CHECK-UP

The signal power and quality (Q) can be checked through the installation check-up and it's possible to make the comparison of the measured flight time by the measuring range depending on the pipe diameter.

6.1.1 Signal reception power - M90

The signal power, displayed to the menu M90 with UP and DN, is indicated by a three-digit number.

[00.0] means missing signal and [99.9] indicates the maximum measurable value.

Although the instrument is working properly with a signal power between 50.0 and 99.9, it is always recommended to try to get a value as high as possible using the following methods:

- 1) Select the most favorable installation position.
- 2) Clean the pipe outer surface and apply more coupling grease.
- 3) Move the transducers both vertically and horizontally while doing the signal reception control. Mechanically lock the transducers when the detected power has reached its maximum value (always checking that the distance between the two transducers is equal to that indicated in the menu M25)

6.1.2 Signal quality (Q) - M90

Better the signal quality (Q value higher), better will be the 'SNR and consequently the accuracy.

In normal operating conditions the Q value, displayed to the menu M90, is between 60 and 90.

In the case of a lower value, check:

- 1) Any interference with other instruments.
- 2) The transducers coupling with the pipe surface (clean the pipe or add more coupling grease).
- 3) The mounting position on the pipe.

6.1.3 Total transit time and Delta Time - M93

The numbers shown in the M93 are called total transit time and delta time.

These values are fundamental to calculate the flow rate inside the pipe.

The total transit time should remain stable or in any case subject to minimal variations.

If the delta time fluctuates above 20% means that there are problems with the transducers installation.

6.1.4 Time ratio between the Measured Total Transit Time and the Calculated Time - M91

The value should be in the range 100±3%. If the value exceeds this range check:

- 1) That the parameters have been entered correctly.
- 2) That the distance between the two transducers is the same as indicated in the menu M25.
- 3) That the transducers are installed in the right direction.
- 4) That the positioning point was chosen in an appropriate manner and that the pipe has not changed shape.
- 5) Inside the pipe there are no deposits.

6.2 POSITIONING TYPE SELECTING

The transducers positioning type selection, Z-Mode, or V-Mode or W-Mode, is a function of measuring pipe DN:

DN20÷50 - recommended installation: W (small pipe)

DN50÷250 - recommended installation: V DN250÷4000 - recommended installation: Z

6.3 MARKING POSITIONING

After the pipe parameters and transducers positioning type programming, the conversion unit automatically calculates the mounting axial distance between the two transducers: M25, Transducer Spacing. The M25 value is used to mark out on the pipe the exact transducers positioning.

6.4 MARKING TOOLS

To mark the transducers positioning points on the pipe surface are sufficient simple, but at the same time effective, tools:

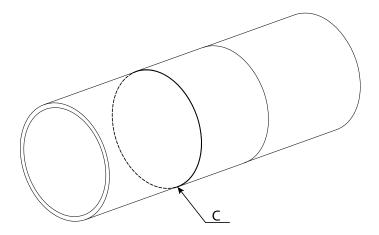
- a paper tape with a minimum width of 50mm.
- a pencil or a thin tip pen
- a meter

6.5 MARKING METHODS

6.5.1 Z type positioning

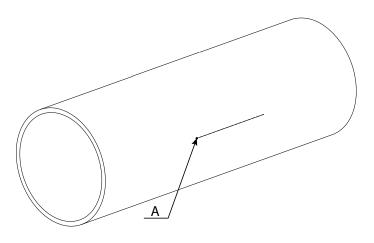
For a correct transducers positioning, proceed as follows:

1) wrap the pipe with the paper tape making sure that the edges are perfectly overlapping With the pencil, draw the "C" circle on the pipe and, at the same time mark on the paper the circumference measured point.

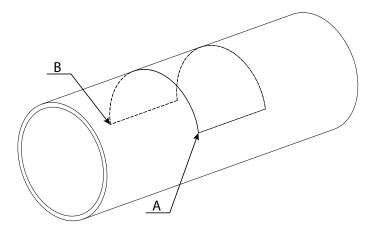


2) Remove the paper tape, cut it at the marked point and fold in half the portion corresponding to the circumference. Then place the folded sheet on the top of the pipe.

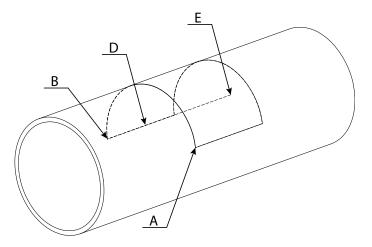
The vertex of the sheet (point A) is the mounting position of the first transducer.



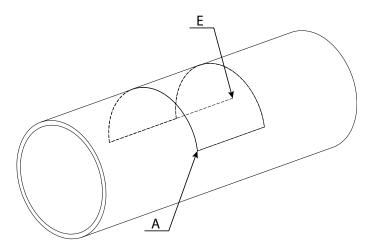
3) Identify the point "B" positioned at 180° degrees from point "A"



4) From point B draw the straight line "D" parallel to the pipe axis and equal to the value, showed in M25, previously calculated to identify point "E".



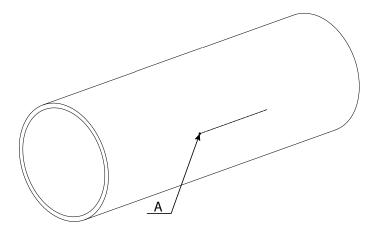
5) Points "A" and "E" are the mounting positions of the transducers.



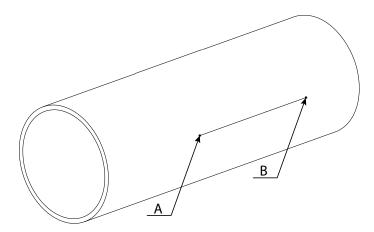
6.5.2 V and W type positioning

For a correct transducers positioning, proceed as follows:

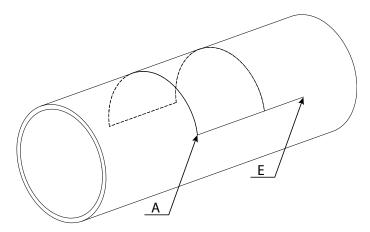
1) Identify point "A", which will be the mounting position of the first transducer.



2) From point "A" draw a straight line "S" parallel to the pipe axis, and equal to the value, showed in M25, previously calculated to identify point "E".

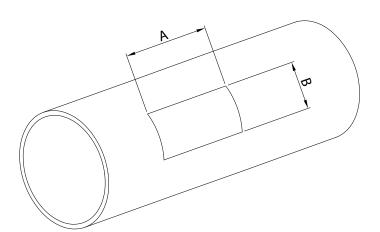


3) Point "A" and "E" are the mounting positions of the transducers.



6.6 PIPE SURFACE CLEANING

Clean the pipe surface with a sander, removing any trace of rust, paint, coating, pipe outer coating or else. The treated area must be extended, according to the transducers model, at least as shown in the following table:



	TS-2	TM-1	TL-1
Α	70mm	90mm	140mm
В	40mm	55mm	80mm

6.7 CLAMP-ON TRANSDUCERS FIXING

- 1) On the transducer lower surface apply a thick layer of acoustic coupling grease .
- 2) Fix the transducer on the pipe surface at the transducer installation point, already cleaned.
- 3) Securely fasten the transducers on the pipe with the supplied steel hose clamps.

WARNING - do not overtighten in order to avoid damages to the transducers.

7-INSTALLATION

7.1 MEASURING POINT SELECTION

The transducers must be mounted on a pipe section which allows to respect the minimum distance between the element of resistance to flow, such as curves or derivations, and the measuring point. See the following table.

Flow resistance element	Upstream side	Downstream side
90° curves	15 x DN	5 x DN
T junction	40 x DN	5 x DN
Adaptors	18 x DN	5 x DN
Valves	40 x DN	5 x DN
Pumps	20 x DN	

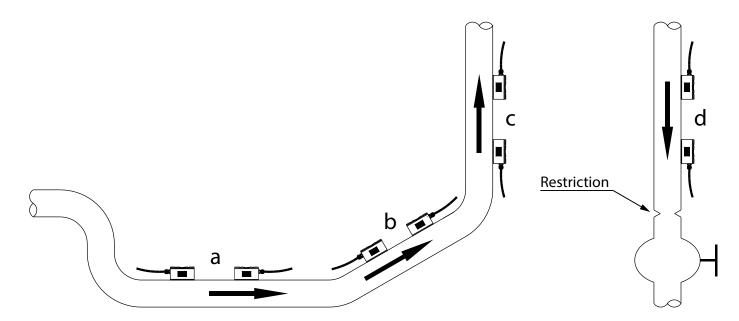
In the event that the minimum values shown in previous table 4 can not be met, it is necessary to adopt every precautions to mitigate the flow turbulence and improve the homogeneity of the flow velocity in the pipe. One of the best device is the transducers upstream installation of a fluid threads rectifier, which allows to have a straight section length of the pipe less than indicated.

The pipe where the transducers are placed must have the following characteristics:

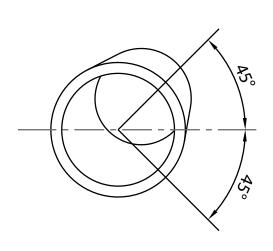
- smooth surface without rust or other surface deterioration;
- circular cross section

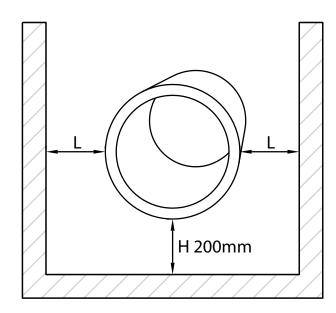
The ideal points for the transducer positioning are:

- hydraulic circuit lowest point (a);
- vertical pipes with the upward flow (b);
- inclined pipes with the upward flow (c);
- vertical open drain pipes with a section restriction to avoid sudden pipe emptying during flow measurement (d)



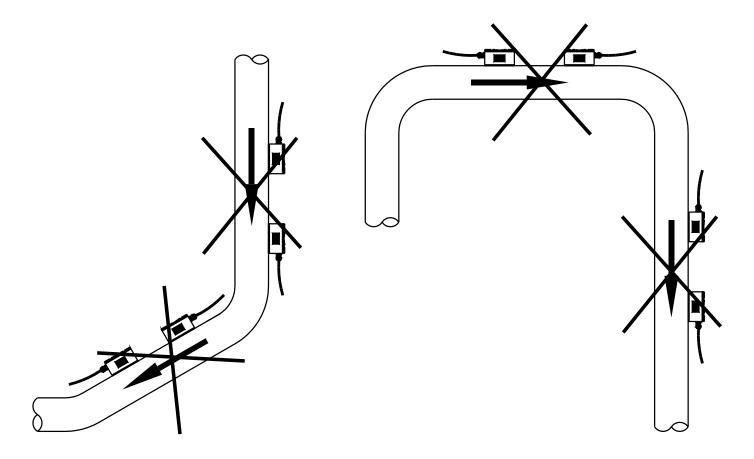
In the case of a horizontal pipe, the transducers positioning should be between \pm 45 ° relative to the horizontal center line of the pipe. This is to avoid that any air bubbles can interfere with the flow velocity detection, Furthermore, in the case of buried pipe must observe the following measures: with insertion type transducers L>540mm; with clamp-on type transducers L>400mm.





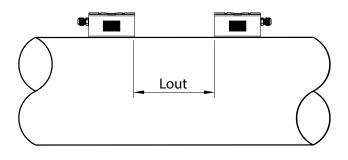
The transducers positioning points to be avoided are:

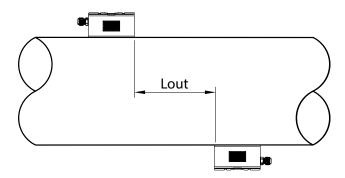
- vertical pipes with the downward flow, because they may not be completely filled with fluid.
- inclined pipes with the downward flow, because they may not be completely filled with fluid.
- the transducers must never be placed in the highest point of the concerned hydraulic circuit, because there is greater chance that in that pipeline section will create air pockets.
- vertical open drain pipes without a section restriction to avoid sudden pipe emptying during flow measurement.



7.2 POSITIONING DISTANCE

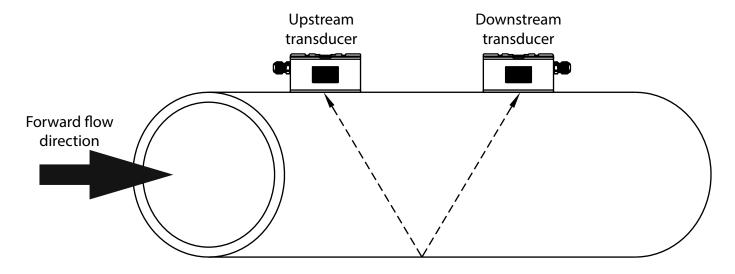
The value (calculated automatically by the system) shown in menu M25 refers to the "Lout" mounting distance between the two transducers, as shown in the following figures.





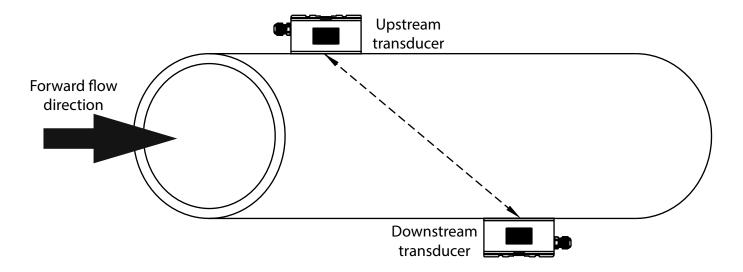
7.3 V INSTALLING

Is the installation method for pipes with diameters in the DN50÷250 range.



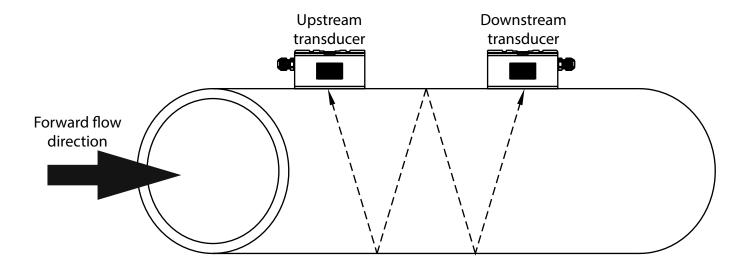
7.4 Z INSTALLING

Is the installation method for pipes with diameters in the DN300÷4000 range.



7.5 W INSTALLING

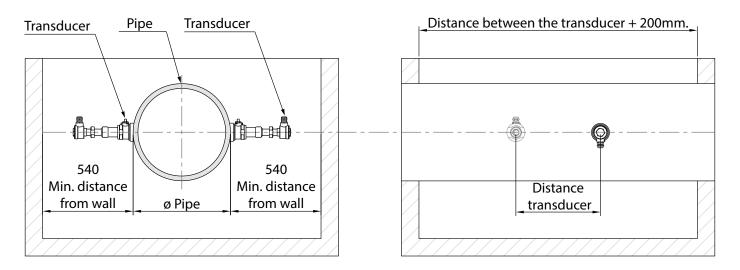
Is the installation method for pipes with diameters in the DN20÷50 range.



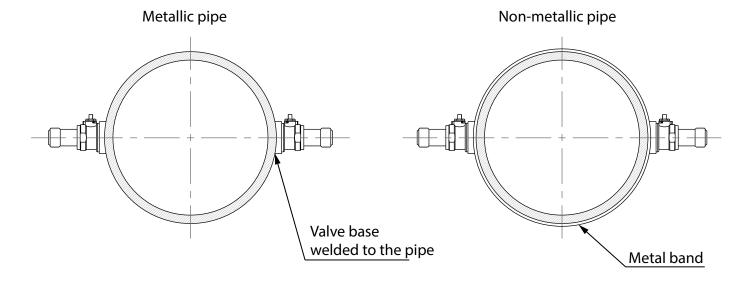
7.6 INSERTION TRANSDUCER INSTALLATION

Steps required for proper installation:

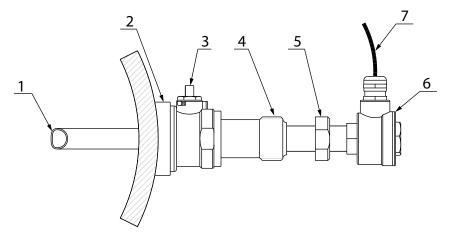
- 1 with encased pipe, check that there is the minimum space required for the transducers installation.
- 2 with encased pipe, check that the free section length of the pipe is the minimum required.



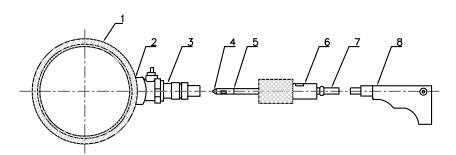
- 3 Procuring the necessary equipment for drilling the pressure pipes .
- 4 Set the pipe parameters: in the menu M23 choose the option 17 or 21 (TC-1 or TLC-2 insertion transducer); in the menu M24 choose 1. (Z installation) and in the menu M25 check the positioning distance.
- 5 Determine the best location for installation on pipe .
- 6 Installing the ball valve base.



7.6.1 Base valve Fixing



- 1. ultrasonic transducer signal emitter.
- ball valve base.
- 3. ball valve.
- 4. male thread for drill.
- 5. sealing nut.
- 6. head with terminals for electrical connection.
- 7. connection cable.



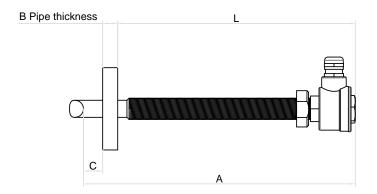
- 1. pipe.
- 2. ball valve base.
- 3. ball valve.
- 4. drill bit Ø19mm.
- 5. drill chuck.
- 6. seal gland.
- 7. drill rod.
- B. power drill.

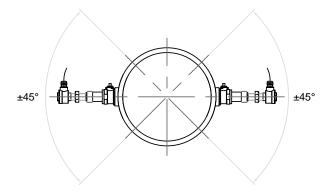
- 1. Weld or fix the valve base on the pipe.
- 2. Screw the ball valve and tighten to ensure the seal. The valve must be opened.
- 3. Insert the drill bit in the ball valve and tighten the seal gland on the male threads ,so that there is no leakage. Fasten the power drill to rod.
- 4. Turn on the drill and drill pipe.
- 5. Unscrew the seal gland and slowly pull out the drill; as soon as possible, close the ball valve to avoid leakage. Use a meter, or a caliper to measure the A dimension.

Slowly insert the transducer into the valve support and open the ball valve.

Measure the distance "L" between the outer surface of the pipe and the upper part of the head of the transducer. L=A-pipe thickness.

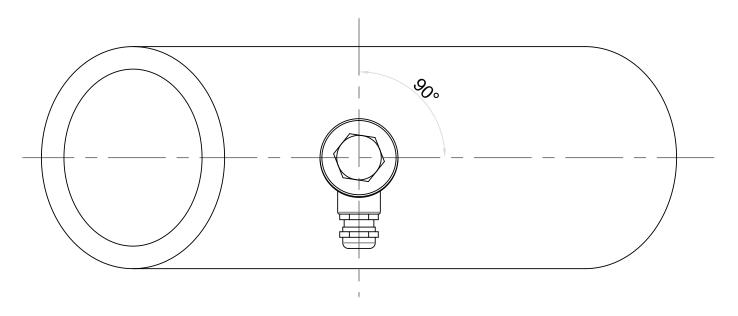
The transducer insertion will be installed properly when the C dimension will be equal to 0 (zero), ie when L=A-B.



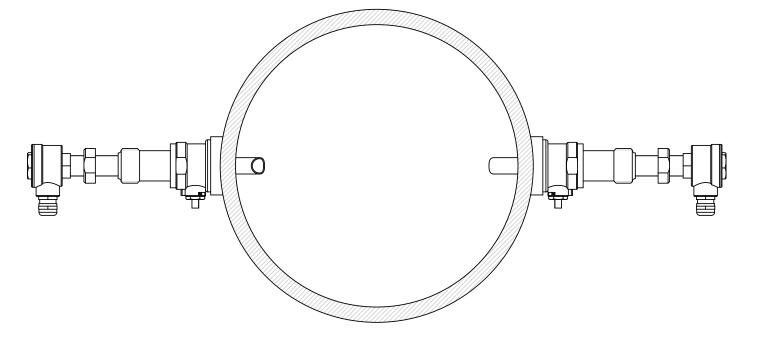


To check the transducers ultrasonic signal emitting orientation, check that:

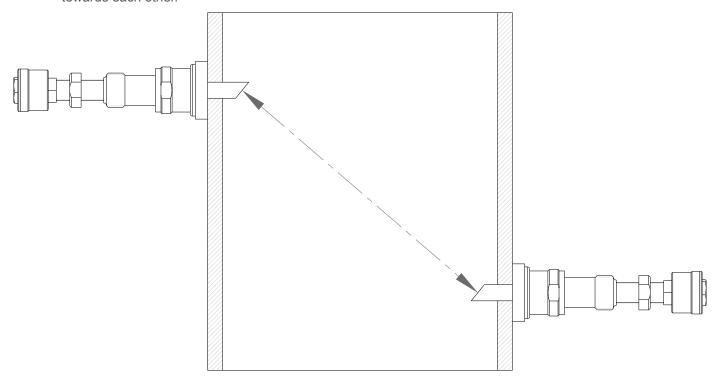
1. the outputs cables of both transducers are oriented orthogonally to the pipe axis.



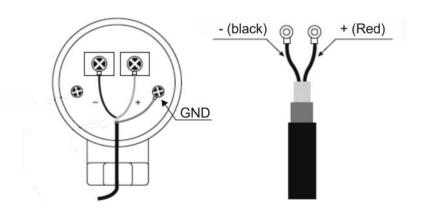
2. the outputs cable on the transducers have the same direction.



3. The inclined surfaces of the ultrasonic transducer signal emitter should be directed. towards each other.



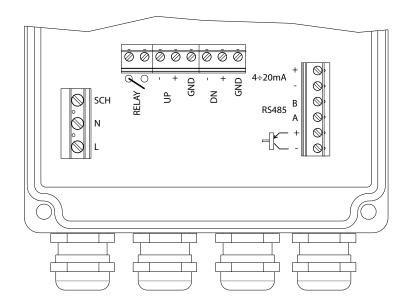
4. Proceed to the electrical connection.



8-ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

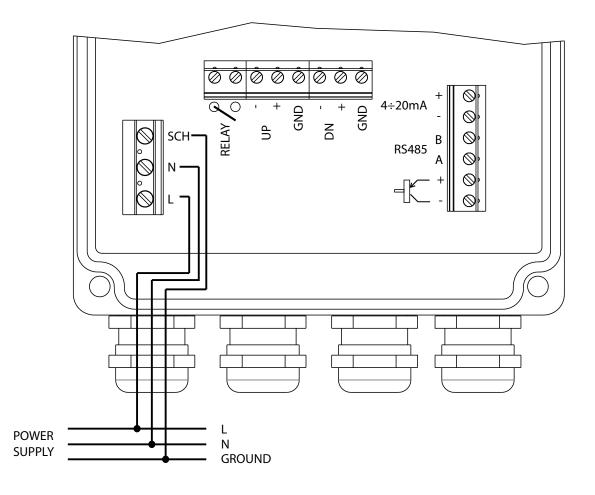
8.1 CONNECTIONS

- 1) Separate the engine control cables or power cables from the SGM-101F connection cables.
- 2) Remove the caps from the cable glands and open the cover by unscrewing the screws.
- 3) Lead the cables into the transmitter through the cable glands.
- 4) Close the cap and tighten the cable glands.

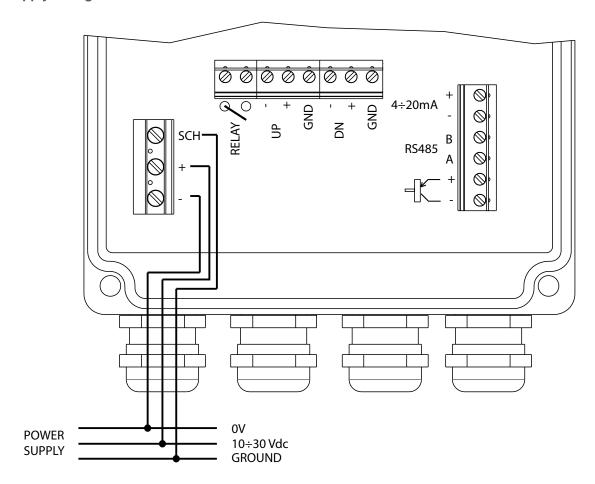


8.2 POWER CONNECTION

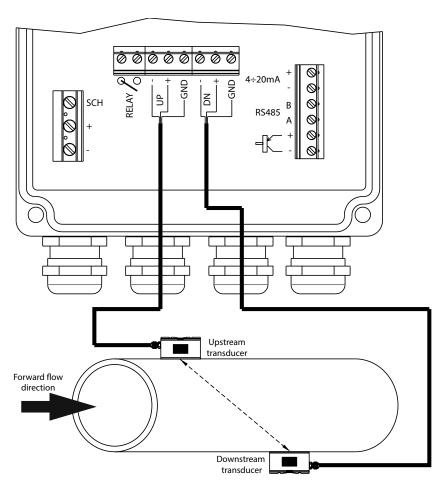
8.2.1 Supply voltages in AC



8.2.2 Supply voltage in 10÷30Vdc

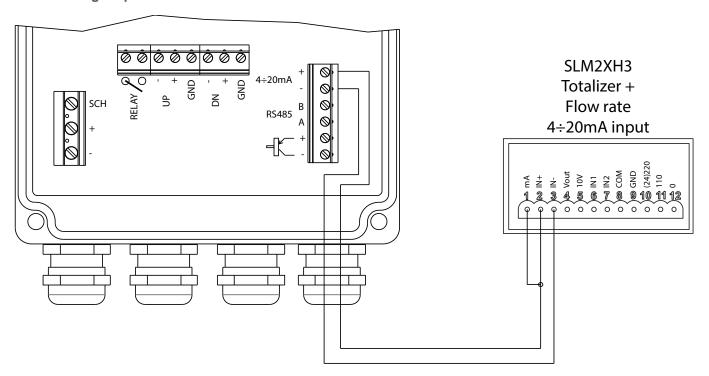


8.3 TRANSDUCER CONNECTION

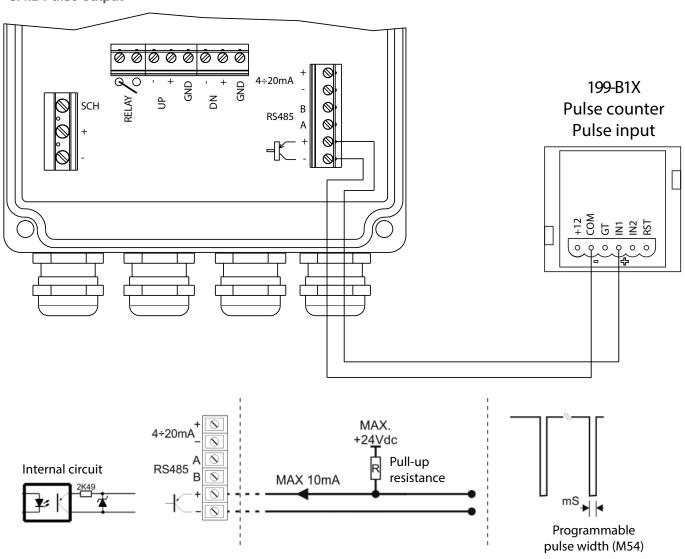


8.4 OUTPUT SIGNALS CONNECTION

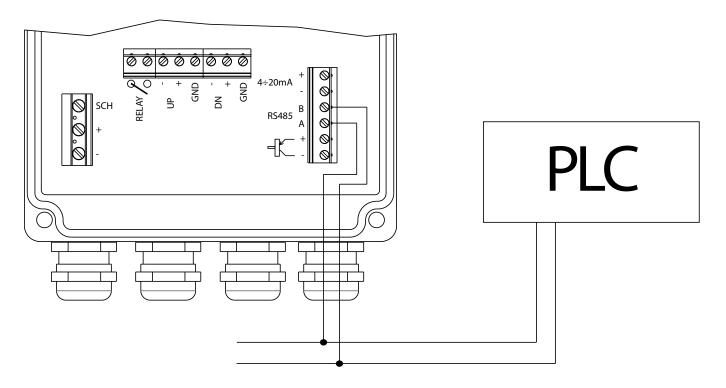
6.4.1 Analog output



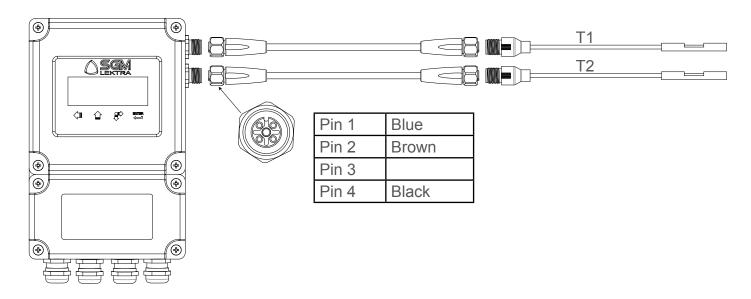
8.4.2 Pulse output



8.4.3 MODBUS port



8.5 HEAT METER PT100 CONNECTION



9-CONFIGURATION

9.1 TURN ON THE DIGITAL CONVERTER

Before connection check the supply voltage.

When switched on, a program for self-diagnostic controls the hardware and the software.

In case of malfunction, an error message is displayed.

After checking, the system will display the last selected menu before turning off, for example, if the menu "02" was the last selected menu (from now on indicated with M02), the instantaneous flow rate and direct totalizer will be directly displayed.

During the sliding and/or displaying of the various windows menu, the measurement is not interrupted.

Only when the user sets the new pipe parameters (and each time the instrument is turned on), the SGM-101F initiates a check-up for the signal reception automatic optimization, that status will be displayed at the top right of the display, *R means normal status.

In case of re-positioning of the transducers, the instrument will automatically adjust the signal reception.

All configurations set by the user are stored in memory, but it's good to make sure that the menu M26,

"Default Settings" is set to "0. Use RAM Settings".

9.2 KEYBOARD

SGM-101F has 4 buttons:

Press (LEFT ARROW) to activate the programming or displaying menu direct selection.



- select to the previous menu (during normal menu displaying).
- edit the selected digit (during menu programming or selecting).
- select the previous option (during menu programming).

Press (SCROLL):

- select the next menu (during normal menu displaying).
- select the digit to the right (during menu programming or selecting).
- select the next option (during menu programming).



- access to the programming menu (during the programming menu displaying).
- confirms the entered or selected data (during the programming menu).

9.3 MENUS

The menus are numbered from M00 to M99 and from M+0 to M+9.

There are two ways to select a menu:

- 1) Direct access, press "LEFT ARROW" followed by the number of the desired menu.
 - For example, to select M11 (the pipe outer diameter) press in the order:
 - "LEFT ARROW" (enables the menu direct selection), "UP ARROW" (edit the selected digit),
 - "SCROLL" (select the digit to the right), "UP ARROW" (edit the selected digit), "ENTER" (confirms the entered data).
- 2) Search using "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL". Each time "UP ARROW" is pressed, will access to the previous menu (for example, to switch from M12 to M11), and each time "SCROLL" is pressed, will access to the next menu (for example, to switch from M11 to M12).

There are three menus types:

- 1) programming menu with alphanumeric or numeric settings (eg. pipe outer diameter, M11)
- 2) programming menu with option selection (eg. pipe material, M14)
- 3) displaying menu (eg. instantaneous flow rate and forward flow totalizer, M02)

9.4 PROGRAMMING MENU TABLE

M00	1 7 0		AL5 analog input displaying
M01	Instantaneous flow rate and velocity displaying	M54	OCT output pulse width programming
M02	1 7 0		Analog output mode programming
M03	1 7 0	M56	4mA (or 0mA) output programming
M04	Instantaneous flow rate with date and time displaying	M57	20mA output programming
M05	Heat meter totalizer displaying (for specific version only)	M58	Analog output simulation
M06	T1 and T2 displaying (Heat meter only)	M59	Analog output status displaying
M07	AL3 and AL4 analog input displaying	M60	System date and time programming
M08	Measurement status and error codes displaying	M61	SGM101-F info displaying
M09	1 7 0		Serial port configuration programming
M10	Pipe outer circumference programming	M63	Communication protocol programming
M11	Pipe outer diameter programming	M64	AL3 analog input programming
M12		M65	AL4 analog input programming
M13			AL5 analog input programming
M14	1 0 0		Frequency output range programming
M15		M68	Frequency output low flow rate programming
M16		M69	Frequency output high flow rate programming
M17	Innerlining material sound velocity programming (**)	M70	Backlight interval programming
M18	Pipe inner lining thickness programming	M71	LCD contrast programming
M19	Inner ABS thickness programming	M72	Operation time displaying
M20	Fluid type programming	M73	#1 Q min. alarm programming
M21	Fluid sound velocity programming (***)	M74	#1 Q max. alarm programming
M22	Fluid viscosity programming (***)	M75	#2 Q min. alarm programming
M23	Transducers type programming	M76	#2 Q max. alarm programming
M24	Transducers mounting method programming	M77	Buzzer operation programming
M25	Transducers mounting distance displaying	M78	OCT output programming
M26	Data storage mode programming	M79	Relay output programming
M27	Default settings library	M80	Batch output programming
M28	HOLD mode programming	M81	Batch volume programming
M29	Empty pipe condition threshold programming	M82	SGM-101F unit events displaying
M30	Measurement units standard programming	M83	Totalizers automatic correction Enabling
M31	Instantaneous flow rate unit programming	M84	Heat meter unit programming
M32	Totalizers unit programming	M85	Temperature sensor input programming
M33	Totalizers multiplier programming	M86	Specific heat programming
M34	Net totalizer activation programming	M87	Heat meter totalizer programming
M35	Forward totalizer activation programming	M88	Heat meter totalizer multiplier programming
M36	Reverse totalizer activation programming	M89	Temperature differential displaying
M37	Totalizers reset	M90	Transducers signal power and quality displaying
M38	Partial totalizer	M91	TOM/TOS % displaying
M39	0 0 1 0	M92	Sound velocity in the fluid displaying
M40	Damping programming	M93	Flight time and delta T.
M41	Low flow cut-off programming	M94	Reynolds number displaying
M42		M+0	Date/time/flow displaying when the unit was power off
M43	Zero flow calibration reset	M+1	Total operating time displaying
M44	Zero flow manual calibration	M+2	Last power off date/time displaying
M45	Correction factor programming	M+3	Last measured flow rate displaying
M46	MODBUS network address programming	M+4	SGM-101F on/off times number displaying
M47	Protection password programming	M+5	Calculator and converter
M48	Calibration data programming	M+6	Velocity threshold programming
M49	MODBUS serial port test	M+7	Monthly totalizer displaying
M50	Data logger programming	M+8	Annual totalizer displaying
M51	Data logger timer programming	M+9	Echo absence error total time displaying (*H)
M52	Data transmission programming		
(*)	Available only with 9 ontion selected in M15		

- (*) Available only with 9 option selected in M15
 (**) Available only with 11 option selected in M16
 (***) Available only with 8 option selected in M20

9.5 OUICK SETUP GUIDE

9.5.1 How to evaluate if the instrument is working properly.

If in the display upper right, the 'R' letter is displayed, the instrument is working properly.

If the 'H' letter is flashing, it means poor signal input (refer to diagnostics chapter).

If the 'I' letter is displayed, it means no signal. If the 'J' letter is displayed, it means that instrument hardware is not working properly (refer to troubleshooting chapter).

9.5.2 How to detect the fluid flow direction.

- 1) Check that the instrument is working properly.
- 2) If the display shows a positive value, the flow direction is from the "UP" to the "DOWN" transducer; If the display shows a negative value, the flow direction is from the "DOWN" to the "UP" transducer.

9.5.3 How to change the measurement units.

The default value is the Metric System:

- 1) Use the M30 menu to select the British system (in) for the pipe sizes, etc..
- 2) Use the M31 menu to select the instantaneous flow rate measurement unit.
- 3) Use the M32 menu to select the flow totalizer measurement unit.

9.5.4 How to enable and disable the totalizers.

Use the M34, M35 and M36 menu to enable and disable the forward (POS), reverse (NEG) or net (NET) flow totalizer.

9.5.5 How to reset the totalizers.

Use the M37 menu.

9.5.6 How to use the delay time.

The delay time acts as a filter to make stable the measure. By setting "0" in the M40 menu, there is no filter.

The maximum setting is 9990sec, that refers to a response time of 9990 seconds.

The delay time is normally used 10s.

9.5.7 How to use the low-cutoff.

The value shown in the M41 is called low-cutoff. The instantaneous flow rate measurements to below the low-cutoff value will be displayed by the instrument with '0 '. In this way is avoided the invalid values accumulation.

9.5.8 How to calibrate the zero flow rate.

Make sure that the flow has stopped completely and enter the menu M42 for the calibration.

9.5.9 How to change the correction factor (Scale Factor).

The correction factor is the ratio between the actual flow and the value indicated by the instrument.

The value is obtained during testing at our headquarters, by comparing the master flow measurement with the SGM-101F unit flow measurement. For any changes, go to M45.

9.5.10 How to enable protection password.

The protection password prevents accidental configuration data changes.

Unlocking is possible by pressing the "ENTER" key and entering the password.

To set the password to access the M47 menu.

9.5.11 How to use the integrated data logger.

Use the menu M50 to activate the data logger and to select items.

Use the menu M51 to set the start time, interval time and the recordings number.

Use the menu M52 for sending data. The default setting is sending data via RS485.

9.5.12 How to use the frequency output.

The output frequency signal represents the instantaneous flow rate value and is used for connection with other instruments. The frequency output is fully configurable by the user.

Enter the minimum flow in the "M68" menu, the maximum flow rate in the "M69" and the two of the frequency range values in the M67". For example, assuming that the the instantaneous flow rate varies from 0m3 to 3000m3/h, and the output signal has 1000Hz maximum frequency and 200Hz minimum frequency, as required by the instrumentation connected to the SGM-101F. The user must enter 0 in "M68", 3000 in "M69", 200 and 1000 in "M67". The user must select the 24 option in the M78 menu (OCT Output Setup) to direct the output frequency to the OCT.

9.5.13 How to use the pulse output, totalizer repetition.

The totalized volume can be sent as an output pulse. The totalizer will generate one pulse per volume unit.

The pulse totalizer can be generated by the OCT, relays or BUZZER hardware devices.

For example: configure the forward flow pulse output (POS), where each pulse corresponds to 0.1 cubic meters of flow, the pulse output will be configured with the OCT output so that, for every 0.1 cubic meter of volume, OCT emits a pulse.

Will need the following steps:

- 1) Select "Cubic Meter" in the M32 menu.
- 2) Select "2. X0.1" in the M33 menu.
- 3) Select "9. POS Int Pulse" in the M78 menu.

9.5.14 How to set the alarm signals.

There are three different types of hardware available to transmit the alarm signal: sonorous, OCT output (Open Collector) or relay output.

The sources that generate an alarm are:

- 1) No signal.
- 2) Poor signal.
- 3) Instrument is not in measurement mode.
- 4) Reverse flow.
- 5) Frequency output over-range.
- 6) Flow out of range.

In addition there are two flow range alarm: the #1 alarm and #2 alarm; the flow range can be configured by the user via the M73, M74, M75, M76.

For example, set the relay to emit an alarm signal when the flow rate is less than 300 m3/h, or is higher than 2000 m3/h. Will need the following steps:

- 1) Set 300 in M73 for #1 alarm (insufficient flow).
- 2) Set 2000 in M74 for #1 alarm (excessive flow).
- 3) Select option "6" (ALARM #1) in M79.

9.5.15 How to use acoustic alarms (Buzzer).

The Integrated Buzzer is user settable. Can be used as an alarm.

M77 for setting.

9.5.16 How to use the OCT output (Open Collector).

The OCT output is user settable via M78.

9.5.17 How to change the internal calendar.

If it is necessary to change the calendar, use M60.

9.5.18 How to adjust the LCD contrast.

Use M71. The change will be saved in EEPROM.

9.5.19 How to set the RS485 serial interface.

Use M62 for setting.

9.5.20 How to display the partial totalizers.

Use M82 to display the partial totalizer (daily, monthly or yearly).

9.5.21 How to use the manual totalizer.

Use M38, then press "ENTER" to start and stop the totalizer.

9.5.22 How to check the ESN and other minor details.

The ESN is an 8-digit code that identifies the product, the version and the manufacture date.

The user can use the ESN also for the instrumentation management.

Can be found in M61.

Other details of the instrument are the total working time (displayed in M+1) and the turn-on time (displayed in M+4).

9.6 STORING CHANGE SETTING

To store the setting go to the M26 menu and proceed as follows:

- 1) Press "ENTER".
- 2) Select option "1".
- 3) To confirm, press "ENTER".

N.B. Do this procedure after each parameter programming change.

10-PROGRAMMING MENU

10.0 M00 - Instantaneous flow rate and total net displaying Displaying only. The display shows the instantaneous flow rate and net totalizer value. The "*R" symbol indicates that the transducers echo signal quality is good; The "*H" symbol indicates that the transducers echo signal quality is insufficient to ensure the correct flow measurement.

Flow. 25.36 m3/h **R MET. 24780x1 m3

10.1 M01 - Instantaneous flow rate and velocity displaying Displaying only. The display shows the instantaneous flow rate and the fluid velocity value in the pipe.

25.36 m3/h **R Flow. 1.6841x1 m/s Vel.

10.2 M02 - Instantaneous flow rate and forward tot. displaying Displaying only. The display shows the instantaneous flow rate and forward totalizer (POS) value.

Flow. 25.36 m3/h **R 32562x1 m3 POS.

10.3 M03 - Instantaneous flow rate and reverse tot. displaying Displaying only. The display shows the instantaneous flow rate and reverse totalizer (NEG) value.

Flow 25.36 m3/h XR 7782x1 m3 NEG.

10.4 M04 - Instantaneous flow rate with date and time displaying

14-04-26 **15:43:15** ЖR 25.36 m3/h Flow

Displaying only. The display shows the instantaneous flow rate value and the date (year-month-day) and time (hours: minutes: seconds).

> FFR 2.2450 G.I/h ЖR E.T. 12E+0 GJ

10.5 M05 - Heat meter totalizer displaying (for specific version only)

> T1= 32.812C. 112.76 T2= 32.812C. 112.76

Displaying only. The display shows the energy flow and Heat meter totalizer value.

> AI3= 0.0152. 0.07290.0152. 0.0729

10.6 M06 - T1 and T2 displaying (Heat meter only) Displaying only. The display shows the T1 and T2 inputs.

10.7 M07 - AL3 and AL4 analog input displaying NOT AVAILABLE.

Poor Signal Detected

10.8 M08 - Measurement status and error codes displaying Displaying only. The display shows the system codes and messages. A summary codes table is on page 55.

> Net Flow Today M09 592 m

10.9 M09 - Daily totalizer displaying Displaying only. The display shows the daily flow totalizer.

> Pipe Outer Perimeter 314.159 mm

10.10 M10 - Pipe outer circumference programming

The display shows the previously set value. By entering a new value, the system will automatically calculate the pipe outer diameter new value (M11).

10.11 M11 - Pipe outer diameter programming

The display shows the previously set value.

By entering a new value, the system will automatically calculate the pipe outer circumference new value (M10).

10.12 M12 - Pipe thickness programming

The display shows the previously set value.

By entering a new value, the system will automatically calculate the pipe inner diameter new value (M13).

10.13 M13 - Pipe inner diameter programming

The display shows the previously set value. By entering a new value, the system will automatically calculate the pipe thickness new value (M12).

10.14 M14 - Pipe material programming

The display shows the previous setting.

The available materials are:

- 0. Carbon Steel
- 1. Stainless Steel
- 2. Cast Iron
- 3. Ductile Iron
- 4. Copper
- 5. PVC (Plastics in general)
- 6. Aluminium
- 7. Asbestos
- 8. Fiberglass-Epoxy
- 9. Other (the 9 option actives M15 for the sound speed in the pipe material)

10.15 M15 - Pipe material sound velocity programming (*)

The display shows the previously set value.

(*) Available only with 9 option selected in M15.

10.16 M16 - Pipe inner lining material programming

The display shows the previous setting.

The available materials are:

- 0. None, No Liner
- 1. Tar Epoxy
- 2. Rubber
- 3. Mortar
- 4. Polypropylene
- 5. Polystyrol
- 6. Polystyrene
- 7. Polyester
- 8. Polyethylene
- 9. Ebonite
- 10. Teflon
- 11. Other (the 11 option actives M17 for the sound speed in the lining material)

Pipe Outer Diameter 100 mm

Pipe Wall Thickness 2 mm

Pipe Inner Diameter 96 mm

Pipe Material

1. Stainless Steel

Pipe Sound Velocity 3604 m/s

Linear Material 10. Teflon 10.17 M17 - Inner lining material sound velocity progr. (**)

The display shows the previously set value.

(**) Available only with 11 option selected in M16.

10.18 M18 - Pipe inner lining thickness programming

The display shows the previously set value.

10.19 M19 - Inner ABS thickness programming

The display shows the previously set value.

10.20 M20 - Fluid type programming

The display shows the previous setting.

The available fluids are:

- 0. Water (general)
- 1. Sea Water
- 2. Kerosene
- 3. Gasoline
- 4. Fuel Oil
- 5. Crude Oil
- 6. Propane (-45°C)
- 7. Butane (0°C)
- 8. Other Liquid (the 8 option actives M21 for the sound speed in the fluid)
- 9. Diesel Oil
- 10. Castor Oil
- 11. Peanut Oil
- 12. Gasoline #90
- 13. Gasoline #93
- 14. Alcohol
- 15. Water (125°C)

10.21 M21 - Fluid sound velocity programming (***)

The display shows the previously set value.

(***) Available only with 8 option selected in M20.

10.22 M22 - Fluid viscosity programming (***)

The display shows the previously set value.

(***) Available only with 8 option selected in M20.

Liner Sound Velocity 2505 m/s

Liner Thickness

10 mm

Inside ABS Thickness

П

Fluid Type
0. Water (General)

Fluid Sound Velocity 2720 m/s

Fluid Viscosity

1.0038 cST

10.23 M23 - Transducers type programming

The display shows the previous setting.

The available models are (catalog models highlighted in bold):

- 0. Standard-M
- 1. Insertion Type C
- 2. Standard-S
- 3. User Type (some additional menus are activated for the non-standard transducers characteristics when 3 option is selected)
- 4. Standard-B
- 5. Insertion B(45)
- 6. Standard-L
- 7. JH-Polysonics
- 8. Standard-HS
- 9. Standard-HM
- 10. Standard-M1
- 11. Standard-S1
- 12. Standard-L1
- 13. PI-Type
- 14. FS410 (FUJI)
- 15. FS510 (FUJI)
- 16. Clamp-on TM-1 (see features on page 8)
- 17. Insertion TC-1 (see features on page 9)
- 18. Clamp-on TS-1
- 19. Clamp-on TS-2 (see features on page 7)
- 20. Clamp-on TL-1 (see features on page 8)
- 21. Insertion TLC2 (see features on page 9)
- 22. Clamp-on M2
- 23. Clamp-on L2

10.24 M24 - Transducers mounting method programming

The display shows the previous setting.

The available mounting methods are:

0. V

1. Z

10.25 M25 - Transducers mounting distance displaying

The display shows the automatically calculated transducers mounting distance.

10.26 M26 - Data storage mode programming

The display shows the previous setting.

Available settings:

- Use RAM Settings (recommended); all the latest programming changes are automatically stored in the EEPROM
- 1.Solidify Setting; to store in the EEPROM the latest changes to any menu, must go back to M26 and press "ENTER".

Transducer Type 16. Clamp-on TM-1

Transducer Mounting
0. V

Transducer Spacing 34,334mm

Default Setting
1. Solidify Setting

10.27 M27 - Default settings library

The display shows the previous setting.

Here it is possible save or load the flow measurement default settings, from M10 to M24, previously stored on EEPROM, (es. pipe diameter, thickness, etc.).

Outputs and other configuration parameters aren't saved or modified.

10.27.1 Default setting loading

To load a default setting, proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Select the default setting to be loaded with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" and press "ENTER".

Confirm the selection by pressing "ENTER". The system automatically displays M23.

10.27.2 Storing default setting

To store a new default setting, proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Select with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" to replace the default setting and press "ENTER".

To select the "1." option, press "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" and confirm by pressing "ENTER".

The system automatically displays M23.

10.28 M28 - HOLD mode programming

The display shows the previous setting. Selecting "YES", in the case of transducer echo signal temporary loss, the SGM-101F maintains the last valid measurement

Selecting "NO", the instantaneous flow rate measured value will go to zero.

10.29 M29 - Empty pipe condition threshold programming

The display shows the previous setting.

This threshold is related to the Q value (see M90). When the Q value will be lower than the threshold value, set here, SGM-101F activates the empty pipe condition by zeroing the flow measurement. Default value: 20

10.30 M30 - Measurement units standard programming

The display shows the previous setting.

Select the system for standardized units: for the mechanical dimensions in M10, M11, M12 and M25; for the velocity in M41, M92 and M+6. Available settings:

- 0. Metric; magnitudes expressed in "mm" or "m/s"
- 1. English; magnitudes expressed in "in" or "ft/s"

Save/Load Parameters 1: 110mm, V. PVC

Save/Load Parameters 1: 110mm, V, PVC

Save/load Parameters 4: 259mm, Z, Stainles

Save/Load Parameters >0. Load Parameters

Save/Load Parameters 1: 110mm, V, PVC

Save/load Parameters 4: 259mm, Z, Stainles

Save/Load Parameters
> 1. Save Parameters

Hold On Poor Signal YES

Empt Pipe Setup 20

Measurement Unit In
O. Metric

10.31 M31 - Instantaneous flow rate unit programming

The display shows the previous setting.

To set the instantaneous flow rate measurement unit proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Press "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" to select the volume measure unit and press "ENTER" to confirm.

Available settings: Cubic Meter (m3); Liter (I); US Gallon (Gal); UK Gallon (IGL); Million US Gallon; Cubic Feet (CF); US Oil Barrel (OB); UK Oil Barrel (IB)

Press "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" to select the time measure unit and press "ENTER" to confirm.

Available settings: /hour (/h); /min (/m); /sec. (/s); /day (/d)

NB - On the top line displays the volume measure unit previously set

Flow Rate Unit m3/h

Flow: Unit/Time > Cubic Meter (m3)

Cubic Metric (m3)
> /hour

10.32 M32 - Totalizers unit programming

The display shows the previous setting.

To set the Totalizers measurement unit proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Press "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" to select the volume measure unit and press "ENTER" to confirm.

Available settings: Cubic Meter (m3); Liter (I); US Gallon (Gal); UK Gallon (IGL); Million US Gallon; Cubic Feet (CF); US Oil Barrel (OB); UK Oil Barrel (IB)

Totalizer Units
Cubic Meter (m3)

Totalizer Unit
> Liter (1)

10.33 M33 - Totalizers multiplier programming

The display shows the previous setting.

Default value: x1

Available settings:

0. x0.001 (1E-3)

1. x0.01

2. x0.1

3. x1

4. x10

5. x100

6. x1000

7. x10000 (1E+4)

Totalizer Multiplier
3. x1

10.34 M34 - Net totalizer activation programming

The display shows the previous setting.

To activate the net totalizer, between the forward totalizer and reverse totalizer, need to set "ON"

Available settings: ON; OFF

10.35 M35 - Forward totalizer activation programming

To activate the forward totalizer need to set "ON"

Available settings: ON; OFF

The display shows the previous setting.

10.36 M36 - Reverse totalizer activation programming

The display shows the previous setting.

To activate the forward totalizer need to set "ON"

Available settings: ON; OFF

NET Totalizer ON

POS Totalizer

NEG Totalizer

10.37 M37 - Totalizers reset

To avoid unwanted reset, the reset confirmation shall be done in 2 distinct sub-menu. It is also possible to reset all totalizer or single totalizer. To reset, proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Select with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" "YES" and press "ENTER". Selecting "NO" the reset procedure is canceled.

Default value: NO

Select with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" the required option and press "ENTER", the confirmation message will appear after the reset.

Selecting "NONE" the reset procedure is canceled. Default value: NONE Available settings:

None

All:

NET Totalizer

POS Totalizer

NEG Totalizer

Energy NET Total

Energy POS Total

Energy NEG Total

Master Erase

Net Flow Today

Monthly Totalizer

Yearly Totalizer

Totalizer Reset? Selection

Totalizer Reset?
> YES

Select Totalizer
> All

Select Totalizer Reset Finished

10.38 M38 - Partial totalizer

In this menu a partial totalizer with manual start and stop is available. To start the partial totalization press "ENTER".

Pressing "ENTER" will stop the totalization.

Further pressing "ENTER" will reset and restart the partial totalizer. Press "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" to exit.

10.39 M39 - Language menu programming

The display shows the previous setting.

Available settings:

English

Italian

10.40 M40 - Damping programming

The display shows the previous setting.

In this menu it's possible to change the damping value, in seconds.

Range: 0÷9990 Sec

10.41 M41 - Low flow cut-off programming

The display shows the previous setting.

In this menu it's possible to change the velocity threshold, in m/s (f/s if M30 is setted to "English"), under this threshold value the SGM-101F will show zero flow, and also the totalizer increase will be stopped.

Totalizer Press ENT When Ready

128.73SEC, 5.2547 ON 21 m3

Language LINGUA English INGLESE

Damping

10 Sec

Low Flow Cutoff Val. 0.03 m/s

10.42 M42 - Zero flow automatic calibration

In this menu it's possible to do the zero flow automatic calibration. This calibration is used to compensate the possible measurement errors at zero. Under normal conditions not need to do this calibration.

Press "ENTER" to perform the calibration.

By pressing "ENTER" during the calibration procedure is stopped. The digit at the bottom left indicates the remaining reads number for the calibration completion.

N.B.- During calibration, the signal status must always be in "R" (see the letter in the upper right), otherwise, the calibration procedure will not be completed

WARNING - The fluid inside the pipe must be still during the automatic calibration procedure.

Set Zero Press ENT to go

Flow 0.0000 m3/h *R VEL 0.0000 m/s 38

10.43 M43 - Zero flow calibration reset

In this menu it's possible to cancel the automatic calibration of zero flow, previously done in M42. SGM-101F will set the default value.

10.44 M44 - Zero flow manual calibration

In this menu it's possible to set an Offset value to be added or subtracted from the instantaneous flow rate.

10.45 M45 - Correction factor programming

In this menu it's possible to set the correction factor. Verify on matched ultrasonic transducers the presence of a label indicating the value to set. Default value: 1

10.46 M46 - MODBUS network address programming In this menu it's possible to set the UID address.

Default value: 1

10.47 M47 - Protection password programming

In this menu it's possible to set a password to protect the system from tampering or other. To store a new password and protect the system proceed as follows:press "ENTER".

Change the digit with "UP ARROW" and move the cursor to the right with "SCROLL", max. value: 99999

Press "ENTER" to store the new password and protect the system by blocking the changes to the programming.

To unlock the changes to the programming, proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Enter the previously stored password, modifying the digit with "UP ARROW" and moving the cursor to the right with "SCROLL". Press "ENTER" to confirm and unlock the programming changes.

Reset Zero NO

Manual Zero Point 0 m3/h

Scale Factor

1

Network IDN

1

System Lock oooo Unlocked oooo

System Lock > 11111_

System Lock

Input Old Password > 11111_ 10.48 M48 - Calibration data programming Only for headquarters use.

10.49 M49 - MODBUS serial port test Only for headquarters use.

10.50 M50 - Data logger programming

In this menu it's possible to enable the data logger with via MODBUS data transmission. To enable the data logger, proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Select "ON" with "UP ARROW" and press "ENTER".

Pressing "UP ARROW" is possible to select which data to include in the data logger.

To enable the data storage press "ENTER", select "ON" and confirm with "ENTER".

See the table below for the available data.

0	DATE AND TIME
1	SYSTEM STATUS
2	CURRENT WINDOWS
3	SIGNAL STRENGTH
4	FLOW RATE
5	VELOCITY
6	NET TOTALIZER
7	POS TOTALIZER
8	NEG TOTALIZER
9	ENERGY FLOW RATE
10	ENERGY NET TOTALIZER
11	ENERGY POS TOTALIZER
12	ENERGY NEG TOTALIZER
13	FLUID VELOCITY
14	RTD T1
15	RTD T2
16	ANALOG INPUT 3
17	ANALOG INPUT 4
18	ANALOG INPUT 5
19	WORKING TIMER
20	FLOW TODAY
21	SERIAL NUMBER

Entry to Calib. Data Press ENT When Ready

Serial Port Traffic [data display here]&

Data Logger Option OFF

Data Logger Option
> ON

O. Data and Time

ON

10.51 M51 - Data logger timer programming

In this menu it's possible set the timer data logger timer. To set the timer, proceed as follows:

press "ENTER".

Set the data logger start time. Change the digit with "UP ARROW" and move the cursor to the right with "SCROLL".

Press "ENTER" to store the start time.

Set the data logger interval time between a recording and the other. Change the digit with "UP ARROW" and move the cursor to the right with "SCROLL".

Press "ENTER" to store the data logger interval time.

Set the data logger recordings number to be made.

Change the digit with "UP ARROW" and move the cursor to the right with "SCROLL .

Press "ENTER" to store the storage number.

Setting a value between 8000 and 9000 data will be stored until the available memory on the SD card is exhausted

Set the timer, M51 will display the next data recording time and the data recording number still to be made.

10.52 M52 - Data transmission programming

In this menu it's possible to set the data transmission mode.

Default mode: 1. INVIA CON RS-485

Available settings:

- 1. Send To RS-485
- 2. Internal SerBus (data sending to SD card)

10.53 M53 - M53 - AL5 analog input displaying NOT AVAILABLE.

10.54 M54 - OCT output pulse width programming In this menu it's possible to set the OCT output pulse width. Range: 1÷500mS.

10.55 M55 - Analog output mode programming

In this menu it's possible to set the analog output mode.

Default value: 0. 4-20mA

Available settings:

- 0. 4-20mA
- 1. 0-20mA
- 2. 0-20mA via RS232 (RS485)
- 3. 4-20mA vs. Sound
- 4. 20-4-20mA
- 5. 0-4-20mA
- 6. 20-0-20mA
- 7. 4-20mA vs.Vel.
- 8. 4-20mA vs. Energy

Data Logger Set up Next =00:00:00 0000

Data Logger Set up Start Time= 15:50:00

Data Logger Set up Interval = 00:01:00

Data Logger Set up Log Times = 1000

Data Logger Set up NEXT =17:13:50 0977

Send Logo-Data to 1. Send to RS-485

Analog Input AL5 AL5= 0.0194, -1.4928

OCT Pulse Width 39.8864 mS

CL Mode Select 0. 4-20 mA

10.56 M56 - 4mA (or 0mA) output programming

In this menu it's possible to set analog output scale beginning.

The measure unit is in M55 programming function, per es: with M55 set to

The measure unit is in M55 programming function, per es: with M55 set to "0. 4-20mA", the measure unit is m3/h; with M55 set to "3. 4-20mA vs.Vel." the measure unit is m/s.

CL 4mA Output Value 0 m3/h

10.57 M57 - 20mA output programming

In this menu it's possible to set the analog output full scale.

The measure unit is in M55 programming function, per es: with M55 set to "0. 4-20mA", the measure unit is m3/h; with M55 set to "3. 4-20mA vs.Vel." the measure unit is m/s.

CL 20mA Output Value 10000 m3/h

10.58 M58 - Analog output simulation

In this menu it's possible to force the analog output signal value to check the drives connected to the 4÷20mA signal.

To start the simulation, press "ENTER" and select with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" the desired option.

Available settings:

- 0 output signal 0mA
- 4 output signal 4mA
- 8 output signal 8mA
- 12 output signal 12mA
- 16 output signal 16mA
- 20 output signal 20mA

CL Checkup (mA)
Press ENT When Ready

CL Checkup (mA)
> 0

10.59 M59 - Analog output status displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the analog output signal instantaneous value.

NB - It is not a measured value, but a value derived from a mathematical calculation depending on the M55, M56 and M57 settings.

CL Current Output 4.0000 mA

10.60 M60 - System date and time programming In this menu it is possible to set the date and the time.

AA-MM-GG HH:MM:SS 14-04-17 09:28:00

10.61 M61 - SGM101-F info displaying

In this menu, the SGM-101F unit details are available.

SGM-100 VER18.55 S/N=18330924

10.62 M62 - Serial port configuration programming

In this menu it's possible to set the serial port configuration.

The default settings are:

BAUDRATE 9600 PARITY NONE Data Bits 8 Stop Bits 1 RS-485/RS-232 Setup 9600,None,8,1

10.63 M63 - Communication protocol programming

In this menu it's possible to set the communication protocol mode. Default setting: MODBUS RTU Only.

Available settings:

MODBUS RTU Only
MODBUS ASCII+ TDS7

Select Comm Protocol MODBUS RTU Only 10.64 M64 - AL3 analog input programming NOT AVAILABLE.

10.65 M65 - AL4 analog input programming NOT AVAILABLE.

10.66 M66 - AL5 analog input programming NOT AVAILABLE.

10.67 M67 - Frequency output range programming
In this menu it's possible to set the OCT output range when it set as a frequency output proportional to the measured instantaneous flow rate.

10.68 M68 - Frequency output low flow rate programming In this menu it's possible to set the frequency output low flow rate.

10.69 M69 - Frequency output high flow rate programming In this menu it's possible to set the frequency output high flow rate.

10.70 M70 - Backlight interval programming In this menu it's possible to set the display backlight time. Range: 0÷60000 seconds.

10.71 M71 - LCD contrast programming

In this menu it's possible to set the LCD contrast.

Range: 00÷31

Press "ENTER" to enter, then increase the contrast with the "UP ARROW" or decrease the contrast with "SCROLL".

Press "ENTER" to store.

10.72 M72 - Operation time displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the SGM-101F operation total time, since the last timer reset.

To reset the timer, proceed as follows:

Press "ENTER 2 times to enter, then select "YES" with "UP ARROW" and press "ENTER" to confirm the reset.

10.73 M73 - #1 Q min. alarm programming

In this menu it's possible to set the minimum flow threshold for the #1 alarm.

Al3 Value Range 20 ~ 100

Al4 Value Range 20 ~ 100

Al5 Value Range 0 ~ 6

FO Frequency Range 0 ~ 1000 Hz

Low FO Flow Rate 0 m3/h

High FO Flow Rate 10800 m3/h

LCD Backlight Option 10 Sec

LCD Contrast 18

Working Timer 00000175:42:15

Reset Working Timer
> YES

1# Alarm LOW Value 0 m3/h

10000 m3/h

10000 m3/h

0 m3/h

1# Alarm High Value

2# Alarm I nw Value

2# Alarm Hight Value

10.74 M74 - #1 Q max. alarm programming

In this menu it's possible to set the maximum flow threshold for the #1 alarm.

10.75 M75 - #2 Q min. alarm programming

In this menu it's possible to set the minimum flow threshold for the #2 alarm.

10.76 M76 - #2 Q max. alarm programming

In this menu it's possible to set the maximum flow threshold for the #2 alarm.

10.77 M77 - Buzzer operation programming

In this menu it's possible to set the SGM-101F unit acoustic signal function. Available settings:

0. No Signal

1. Poor Signal

2. Not Ready (No *R)

3. Reverse Flow

4. AO Over 100%

5. Fo Over 120%

6. Alarm #1

7. Reverse Alarm #2

8. Batch Controller

9. POS Int Pulse

10. NEG Int Pulse

11. NET Int Pulse

12. Energy POS Pulse

13. Energy NEG Pulse

14. Energy NET Pulse

15. MediaVel=>Thresh

16. MediaVelo<Thresh

17. ON/OFF via RS845

18. Timer (M51 Daily)

19. Timed Alarm #1

20. Timed Alarm #2

21. Batch Total Full

22. Timer by M51

23. Batch 90% Full 24. Key Stroking ON

25. Disable BEEPER

BEEPER SET-UP 24. Key Stroking ON

10.78 M78 - OCT output programming

In this menu it's possible to set the function associated to the OCT digital output. Available settings:

0. No Signal

1. Poor Signal

2. Not Ready (No *R)

3. Reverse Flow

4. AO Over 100%

5. Fo Over 120%

6. Alarm #1

7. Reverse Alarm #2

8. Batch Controller

9. POS Int Pulse

10. NEG Int Pulse

11. NET Int Pulse

12. Energy POS Pulse

13. Energy NEG Pulse

- 14. Energy NET Pulse
- 15. MediaVel=>Thresh
- 16. MediaVelo<Thresh
- 17. ON/OFF via RS845
- 18. Timer (M51 Daily)
- 19. Timed Alarm #1
- 20. Timed Alarm #2
- 21. Batch Total Full
- 22. Timer by M51
- 23. Batch 90% Full
- 24. Flow Rate Pulse 25. Disable OCT

OCT Output Setup 9. POS Int Pulse

10.79 M79 - Relay output programming

In this menu it's possible to set the function associated to the relay output. Available settings:

14. Energy NET Pulse

15. MediaVel=>Thresh

- 0. No Signal 1. Poor Signal 2. Not Ready (No *R) 3. Reverse Flow 4. AO Over 100% 5. Fo Over 120% 6. Alarm #1
- 16. MediaVelo<Thresh 17. ON/OFF via RS845 18. Timer (M51 Daily) 19. Timed Alarm #1 20. Timed Alarm #2 7. Reverse Alarm #2 21. Batch Total Full 8. Batch Controller 22. Timer by M51 9. POS Int Pulse 23. Batch 90% Full 10. NEG Int Pulse 24. Flow Rate Pulse 11. NET Int Pulse 25. Disable Relay 12. Energy POS Pulse 13. Energy NEG Pulse

RELAY Output Setup 6. Alarm #1

10.80 M80 - Batch output programming

In this menu it's possible to set the batch activation mode. Available settings:

- 0. Key Pressing
- 1. Serial Port
- 2. Al3 Rising Edge
- 3. Al3 Falling Edge
- 4. Al4 Rising Edge
- 5. Al4 Falling Edge
- 6. Al5 Rising Edge
- 7. Al5 Falling Edge
- 8. Timer-Periodical
- 9. Time-daily

10.81 M81 - Batch volume programming

In this menu it's possible to preset the batch volume value. To preset the batch volume proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Set the predetermined volume. Change the digit with "UP ARROW" and move the cursor to the right with "SCROLL". Press "ENTER" to store.

With M80 set to "0. Key Pressing", the display will show the message "Press ENT When Ready"; pressing "ENTER" starts the batch cycle.

During the batch cycle, the display shows:

- 1 the predetermined volume value.
- the performed cycles Bach number (including the cycle in progress). 2
- 3 the batch status: ON active, OFF inactive.
- the increase in the batch counter.

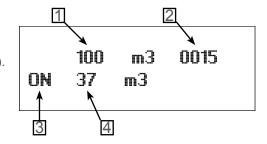
By pressing "ENTER" will stop the batch cycle.

Trigger Select Batch 0. Key Pressing

FlowBatch Controller 1000 m3

FlowBatch Controller > 500

100 F.m Press ENT When Ready



Totalizer

Totalizer

--G--HH-

mЗ

> 0. Browse by Day

NET +1254.2348

O. Browse by Day

Date

Date

 $\Pi\Pi\Pi$

10.82 M82 - SGM-101F unit events displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the SGM-101F recorded daily, monthly and annual events.

To display the events, proceed as follows: press "ENTER".

Select the events display mode with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL". Available settings:

0. Browse by Day; 1. Browse by Month; 2. Browse by Year Press "ENTER" to confirm.

The display shows:

- 1. Event storage sequence number
- 2. Events storage period, with format: YY-MM-DD; YY-MM; YY
- 3. System status codes of the displayed storage period
- 4. Net totalization of the displayed storage period

Press "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" to select events in succession. Press "ENTER" to exit.

10.83 M83 - Totalizers automatic correction Enabling

In this menu it's possible to enable the flow totalizers automatic correction during the period in which the unit SGM-101F is turned off.

An average flow rate value is calculated using the measured flow rate before shutdown and the flow rate measured after the system restarts. This calculated average flow rate value is then used to increase the flow totalizer.

Automatic Amending OFF

10.84 M84 - Heat meter unit programming

The display shows the previous setting.

Available settings:

- 0. Giga Joule (GJ)
- 1. Kilocalorie (Kc)
- 2. KWh
- 3. BTU

10.85 M85 - Temperature sensor input programming

In this menu it's possible to select the supply and return temperatures source.

10.86 M86 - Specific heat programming

The display shows the previous setting. Available settings:

0. GB

1. Fix Specific Heat

10.87 M87 - Heat meter totalizer programming

In this menu it's possible to enable the heat meter totalizer.

Energy Unit Select O. Giga Joule (GJ)

Temperature Select 0. From T1, T2

Specific Heat Select O. GB

Energy Totler ON/OFF ON

10.88 M88 - Heat meter totalizer multiplier programming

The display shows the previous setting.

Default value: x1 Available settings:

- 0. x0.0001 (E-4)
- 1. x0.001 (1E-3)
- 2. x0.01
- 3. x0.1
- 4. x1
- 5. x10
- 6. x100
- 7. x1000
- 8. x10000 (E4)
- 9. x100000 (E5)
- 10. x1000000 (E6)

10.89 M89 - Temperature differential displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the temperature difference between supply and return.

10.90 M90 - Transducers signal power and quality displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the ultrasonic transducers efficiency (UP and DN) and the ultrasonic signals quality (Q) processed by SGM-101F. For the "UP" (upstream transducer) and "DN" (downstream transducer) the 00.0 value indicates the ultrasonic signal non-reception, while the 99.9 value indicates the ultrasonic signal excellent reception; Normally the value is greater than 60.0. The processed ultrasonic signals quality (Q), has a range from 00.0 to 99.9.

Normally the "Q" value is greater than 60.0.

10.91 M91 - TOM/TOS % displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the ratio between the calculated and the measured transit time. Normally the value should be 100 ±3%. Differences in excess of the above, could mean improper transducers mounting, or incorrect programming values.

10.92 M92 - Sound velocity in the fluid displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the sound speed in the fluid, measured by the SGM-101F. Normally the value should be similar to what is set in M21, accessible when M20 is set to "Other Liquid".

A significant values difference, could mean improper transducers mounting or incorrect M21 programming values.

10.93 M93 - Flight time and delta T.

In this menu it's possible to display the flight time measured by the SGM-101F and the difference in flight times, UP - DN.

10.94 M94 - Reynolds number displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the calculated Reynolds number value.

Energy Multiplier
4. X1

(E0)

C

Temperature Diff. 0.0039

Strength + Quality UP:78.5 DN:78.8 Q=92

TOM/TOS 3.9478 %

Fluid Sound Velocity 1486.35 m/s

TotalTime, DeltaTime 624.72uS 251.67nS

Reynolds No, Profile 12354.8 0.97563 10.95 M+0 - Date/time/flow displaying when the unit was power off

In this menu it's possible to display the SGM-101F power on or off events. Press "ENTER" to access.

Up to 64 events are recorded, in the range 00÷63. Select the event with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL". Press "ENTER to exit.

10.96 M+1 - Total operating time displaying

In this menu it's possible to display the SGM-101F total operating time.

Pressing "ENTER" can be displayed the instantaneous negative flow rate measurement total time.

Press "ENTER" to exit.

the SGM-101F.

10.97 M+2 - Last power off date/time displaying
In this menu it's possible to display the last power off date and time of

10.98 M+3 - Last measured flow rate displaying In this menu it's possible to display the last measured instantaneous flow rate value.

10.99 M+4 - SGM-101F on/off times number displaying In this menu it's possible to see how many times the unit SGM-101F has been switched on and off.

10.100 M+5 - Calculator and Converter

In this menu it's possible to use the scientific calculator or the PT100 temperature converter.

Press "ENTER" to use the calculator.

Enter number: with "UP ARROW" to change the digit and "SCROLL" to move the cursor to the right (max. 13 digits). Press "ENTER" to confirm.

Select the operation with "UP ARROW" or "SCROLL" and press "ENTER" to confirm (in the example shown next, the "PT100<> Temperature" function).

Available operations: +; -; x; /; 1/x; abs (x); x*x; sqrt (x); exp (x); log (x); power(x,y); sin (x); cos (x); arcsin (x); arccos (x); arctan (x); Store in M (x=>M); Read M (x<=M); Add to M; Move x to y; PT100<>Temperature

The display now shows the selected operation result: 25.684°C

Power ON/OFF Time Press ENT When Ready

03 14-04-23 13:26:21 ON 03 24 m3/h

Total Work Hours 00000142:38:41

NEG Flow Total Hours 00000001:46:18

Last Power Off Time 14-04-18 08:04:37

Last Flow Rate 24.5 m3/h

ON-OFF Times 00000024

Calculator: Input X= 0

Calculator: Input X= > 110_

2.Select Operation
> PT100<>Temperature

Calculator: Input X= 25.684 10.101 M+6 - Velocity threshold programming
In this menu it's possible to set the maximum speed threshold to generate an alarm on the relay or on OCT.

10.102 M+7 - Monthly totalizer displaying In this menu it's possible to display the monthly totalizer.

10.103 M+8 - Annual totalizer displaying In this menu it's possible to display the annual totalizer.

10.104 M+9 - Echo absence error total time displaying (*H) In this menu it's possible to display the echo absence error condition total time.

Media Vel. Threshold 1400 m/s

Total Flow for Month 135.248 m3

Total Flow This Year 35874.8 m3

TIMER NO PRONT/G **G 00000001:06:42

11-MAIN PARAMETERS DESCRIPTION

Name	Displaying	Description	Menu
Pipe Ø	Pipe Outer Diameter	Pipe Outer diameter (Pipe cross section)	M11
Pipe thickness	Pipe Wall Thickness	Pipe thickness (Pipe cross section)	M12
Pipe material	Pipe Material	Carbon Steel; Stainless Steel; Cast Iron; Ductile Iron; Copper; PVC (Plastics in general); Aluminium; Asbestos; Fiberglass-Epoxy Other	M14
Inner lining material	Liner Material	None, No Liner; Tar Epoxy; Rubber; Mortar; Polypropylene; Polystyrol; Polystyrene; Polyester; Polyethylene; Ebonite; Teflon; Other	M16
Pipe inner lining thickness	Liner Thickness	Pipe inner lining thickness (Pipe cross section)	M18

Name	Displaying	Description	Menu
Transducers mounting method	Transducer Mounting	The transducers may be mounted on the pipe in 4 different methods: V; Z; W. The mounting method choice is in application conditions function. The most frequently used mounting methods are V and Z.	M24
Transducers mounting distance	Transducer Spacing	The mounting axial distance, Lout, is automatically determined based on the following previously entered data: Ø pipe; pipe thickness; pipe material; eventual inner lining and its thickness; transducers mounting method.	M25
Instantaneous flow rate measure unit	Flow Rate Unit	Measure units associated with the instantaneous flow rate measurement. Is possible to select 8 different measure units for the volume: Cubic Meter (m3); Liter (I); US Gallon (Gal); UK Gallon (IGL); Million US Gallon; Cubic Feet (CF); US Oil Barrel (OB); UK Oil Barrel (IB); and 4 measure units for the time: hour (/h); /min (/m); /sec. (/s); /day (/d)	M31
Flow totalizers measure unit	Totalizer Units	Measure units associated with the flow totalizers. Is possible to select 8 different measure units: Cubic Meter (m3); Liter (I); US Gallon (Gal); UK Gallon (IGL); Million US Gallon; Cubic Feet (CF); US Oil Barrel (OB); UK Oil Barrel (IB)	M32

Name	Displaying	Description	Menu
Damping time	Damping	The damping time defines the displayed flow measurement refresh rate in relation to the detected flow measurement variation. Range: 0÷9990 seconds Flowrate Displayed flowrate flowrate	M40
Flow velocity cut-off value	Low Flow Cutoff Val.	When the measured flow velocity is less than the cutoff value, the display will show the instantaneous flow rate measure at fixed 0. Range 0.000 ÷ 0.25m/s Displayed flowrate Actual flowrate	M 41
Zero flow calibration	Set Zero	When the fluid in the pipe is stopped, the flow value must be equal to 0. In case it is not, need to calibrate the Zero flow. Displayed flowrate Before setting Actual flowrate NB - Make sure that the fluid is perfectly stopped and that the Pipe is full	M42
Correction coef- ficient	Scale Factor	Coefficient for correcting the measurement accuracy. Range 0.5 ÷ 1.5%	M45

Name	Displaying	Description	Menu
System protection password	System Lock	The system protection password is used to prevent programming modification, or to not allow resetting totalizers. NB - write down your password	M47
Flow velocity cut-off value	Low Flow Cutoff Val.	Is possible toset the digital pulse width during the counting. Range:0.01÷500ms Pulse Pulse Width (mS)	M54
4÷20mA output	CL Mode Select	N. 9 selectable analog signal output mode: 4-20mA; 0-20mA; 0-20mA via RS232 (RS485); 4-20mA vs.Sound; 20-4-20mA; 0-4-20mA; 20-0-20mA; 4-20mA vs.Vel.; 4-20mA vs.Energy	M55
4÷20mA output scale beginning	4mA Output Value	It's the value of quantity, babed on M55 choice, that is associatet to analog output begin scale.	M56
4÷20mA output full scale	VALORE RIF. A 20 mA	It's the value of quantity, babed on M55 choice, that is associatet to analog output end scale.	M57
Date and Time	YY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS	Time and date maintaining is secured by an internal battery with life of about 10 years. In the case where the battery power is exhausted, turning off the SGM-101F all the time and date data will be lost.	M60
Digital output	OCT Output Setup	The digital output "OCT" can be set with 26 different functions. It's possible to set the digital output to remotely send the totalizer pulse with option # 24: Flow Rate Pulse.	M78

12.1 Error messages and corrective actions

The SGM-100F has a self-diagnosis system which detects hardware problems. The instrument will show "*F" in the top left corner of the display and it will be necessary to power on again the SGM-100F in order to see the error message and the solution:

Error message	Cause	Solution
Memory Checking Error	System ROM illegal or error	Contact the producer
Stored Data Error	Memory parameter data error	Press ENT key and restore default parameters
System Data Memory Error	System stored data block error	Restart or contact headquarters
Circuit Hardware Error	Sub-CPU circuit fatal error	Restart or contact headquarters
Timer Slow/Fast Error	System Clock error	Restart or contact headquarters
Clock Error	Abnormal clock inside the hardware	Contact headquarters
CPU or IRQ Error		Restart
Host resetting Repeatedly		Contact headquarters
Time or date Error	Date/Time system chip error	Reset data/Time
No display	Bad wiring connection	Check for electrical connections
Stroke key - No response	Keypad locked	Enter the password to unlocking

12.2 Error codes and solutions

When the instrument detects an operating error, a letter will appear on the top left corner of the display. In M00, M01, M02, M03, M90 and M08 can be displayed the error message. Refer to the following table for the solution:

Error codes	Displayed message	Cause	Solution
R	System Normal	No error	
1	Detected No Signal	No detected signal Sensors installed improperly Too many encrustations Pipe lining too thick The transducer cables are not properly connected	1) Tight the transducers on the pipe 2) Check the setted parameters 3) Clean the pipe surface and remove any rust 4) Change installing position 5) Wait until the new liner is dry 6) Check the cables.
J	Hardware Error	Hardware problems	Contact headquarters
н	PoorSig Detected	Weak signal detected Sensors installed improperly Too many encrustations Pipe lining too thick The transducer cables are not properly connected	1) Tight the transducers on the pipe 2) Check the setted parameters 3) Clean the pipe surface and remove any rust 4) Change installing position 5) Wait until the new liner is dry 6) Check the cables.
Е	Current Loop over 20mA	1) 4÷20mA current loop over 100% 2) Current output Improper settings	Check the values setted in menu M56 and if the actual flow is too high
Q	Frequ OutputOver	Frequency output over 120% Frequency output Improper setting or actual flow too high	Check the values setted in menu M66-M67-M68 and M69 and if the actual flow is too high
F	Refer to table 2	Error in self-diagnosis during power-on Permanent hardware error	1) Restart 2) Contact headquarters
G	Adjustig gain S1-S2- S3-S4 (displayed on M00, M01,M02 and M03)	The instrument is running the automatic checkup and the numbers indicate the sequential progress.	
K	Empty pipe	No liquid inside the pipe Setting error in M29	Reposition the transducer where the pipe is filled with fluid Set 0 in M29

12.3 Other problems and solutions

- The actual flow inside the pipe is not standstill, but the instrument displays 0.0000 for the flow rate, and 'R' displaying signal strength and the signal quality Q (value) has a satisfactory value.
 The problem are likely caused by the user who has used the 'Set Zero' function on this non-standstill flowing pipe. To solve this problem, use the 'Reset Zero' function on menu window M43.
- 2) The displayed flow rate is much lower or much higher than the actual flow rate in the pipe under normal working conditions.
 - a) There is probably an offset value wrongly entered by the user in M44. Enter '0' in M44.
 - b) Check the transducers installation.
 - c) There is a 'Zero Point' setted. Try to 'zero' the instrument by using M42 and make sure that the flow inside the pipe should be standstill.

13-COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

The SGM-101F has a RS485 standard communication interface, modbus registers are available on request.

14-NOTE	

15-FACTORY TEST AND QUALITY CERTIFICATE

In conformity to the company and check procedures I certify that the equipment:	6
(Transit time ultrasonic flowmeter)	
is conform to the technical requirements on Technical Data and it is made in conformity to the procedure	
Quality Control Manager: Production and check date:	

